

An Update -

Usage of ASCAT and OSCAT Winds at the NOAA Ocean Prediction Center (OPC), National Hurricane Center (NHC)

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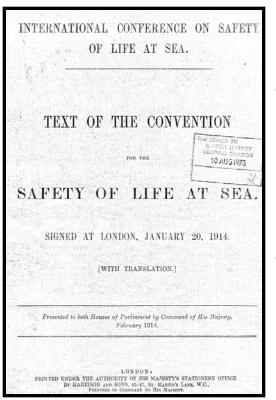




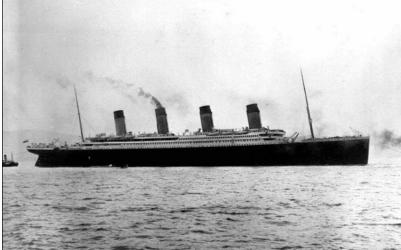


Safety of Life At Sea, 1914

http://www.imo.org



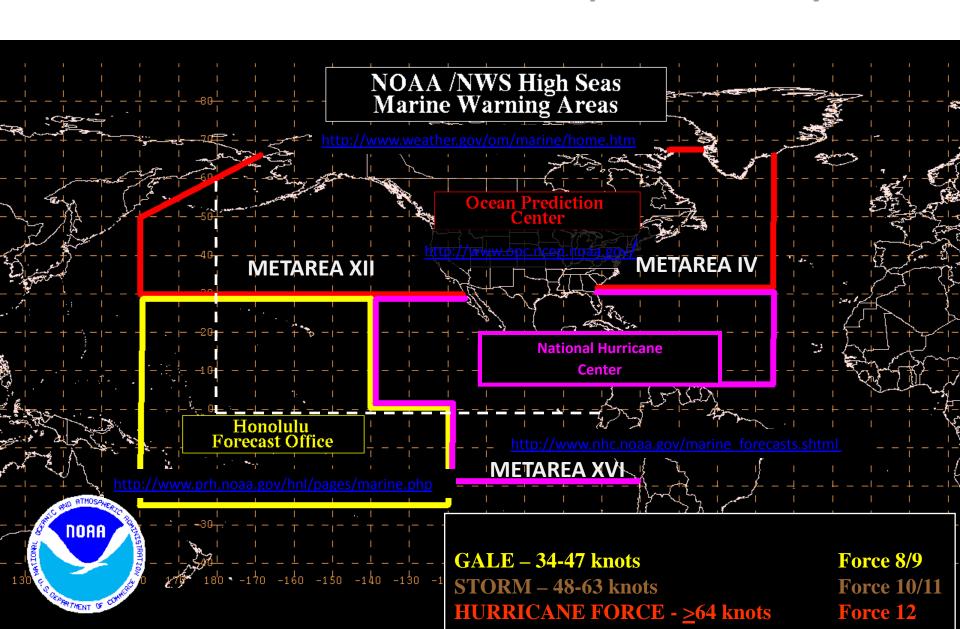
- Chapter III Safety of Navigation
 - Part I Ice and Derelicts
 - Part II Meteorological Information
- Chapter V Radiotelegraphy





NOAA Forecast Responsibility

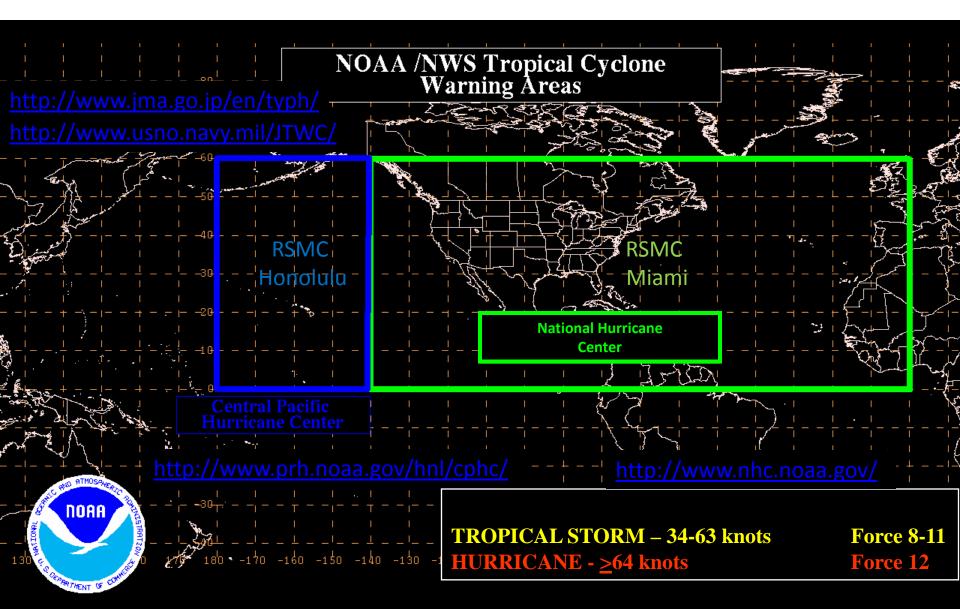






NOAA Forecast Responsibility

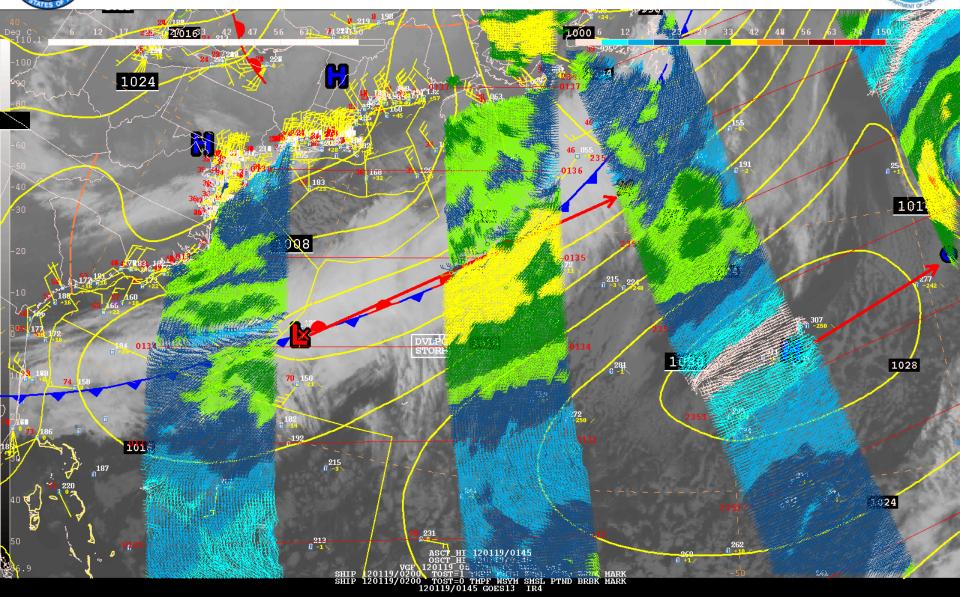


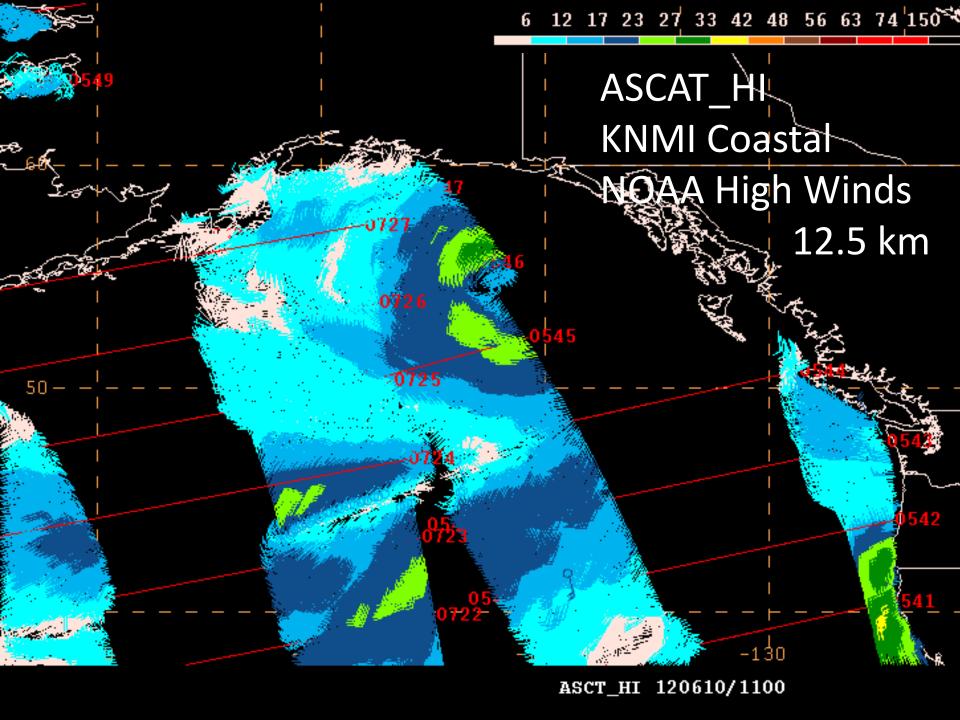


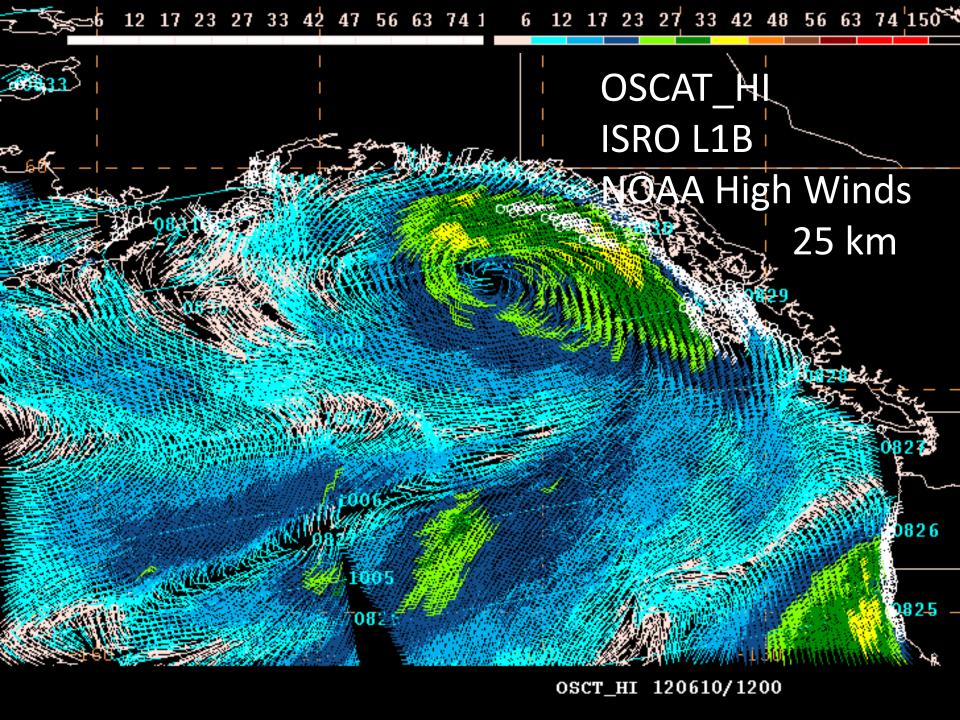


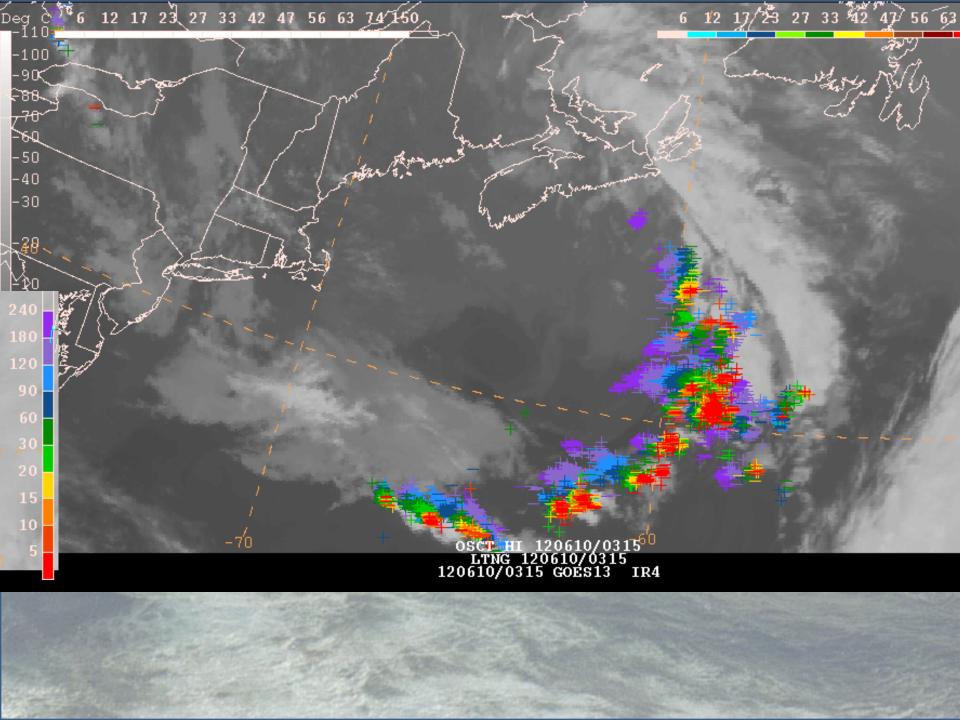
Integrated Display Capability – ASCAT

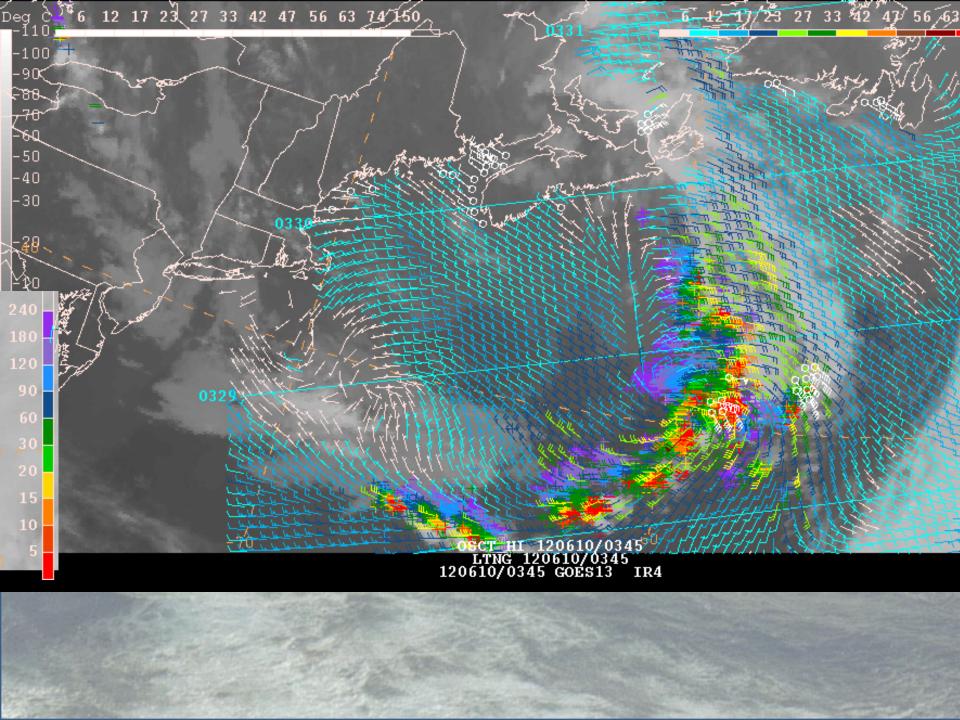




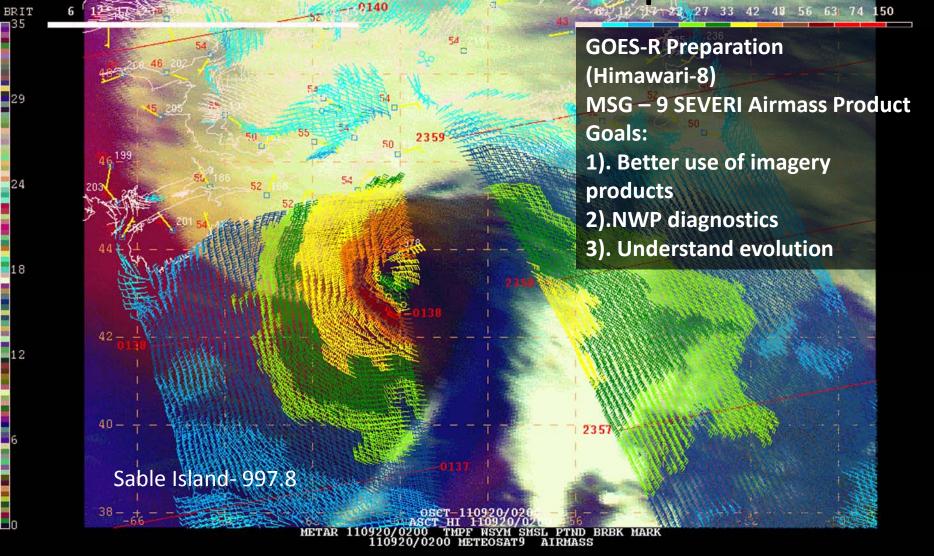






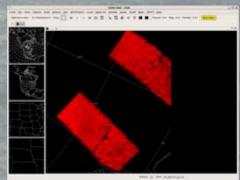


RGB 0200 UTC 20 Sep 2011



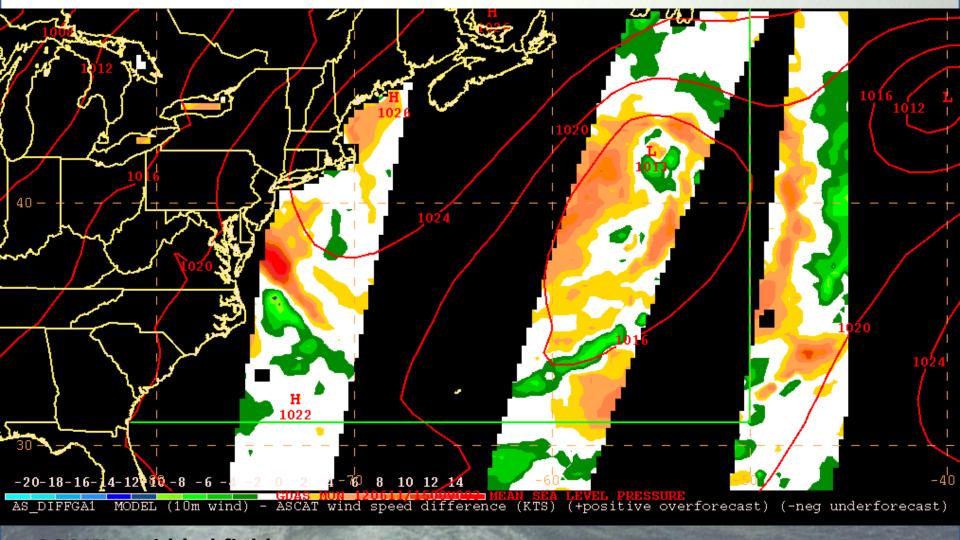
OSCAT- AWIPS 2 display capability

- NWS National Centers (OPC and NHC) enjoy GEMPAK based display and product generation capabilities (NAWIPS)
- Display capabilities of OSVW at coastal NWS Forecast Offices implementation slow due to:
 - Process
 - Limited band width for data flow
 - Competition with other capabilities
 - Resources
- Ongoing effort (NCEP Systems Integration Branch and NASA SpORT) to develop and deliver display functionality for OSCAT in AWIPS 2
 - Adaptation of GEMPAK "plug in"
 - Expedite process
 - More generic (less instrument specific)
 - Data flow non-operational
- Goals
 - Data and display capability to coastal WFOs
 - Extend integrated display across NWS
 - Equitable services across NWS waters of responsibility
 - Build advocacy across NWS offices with marine warning responsibility



ASCAT display in AWIPS D2D

ASCAT – GFS Wind Speed Difference

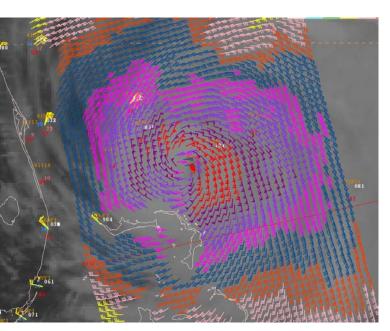


OSCAT – gridded fields

NWP bias correction

Great Circle ray tracing

National Hurricane Center Ocean Vector Wind Update

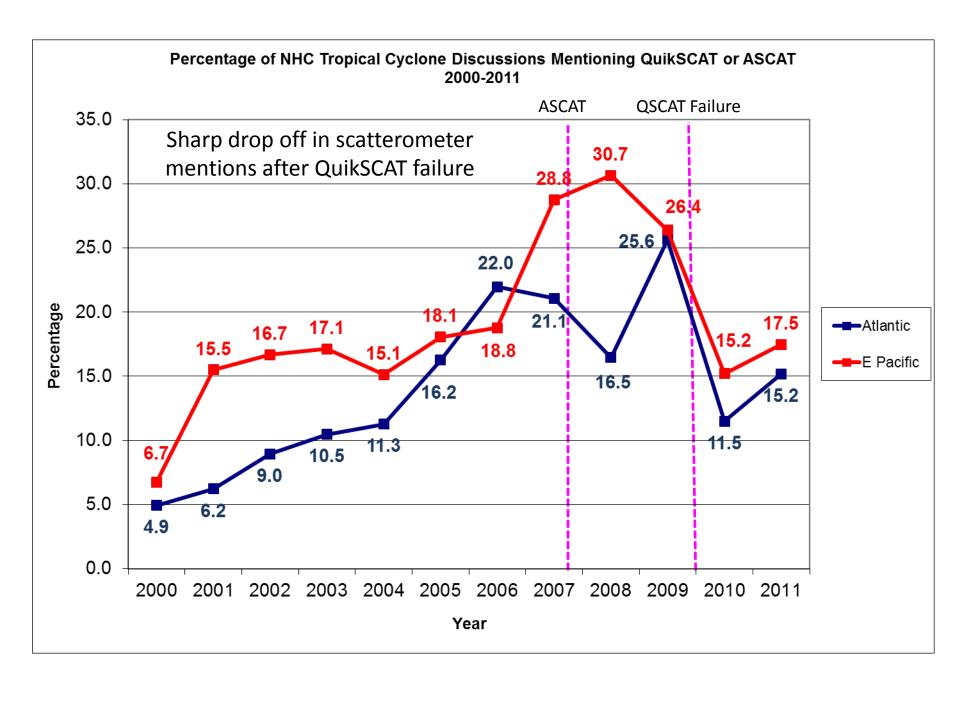


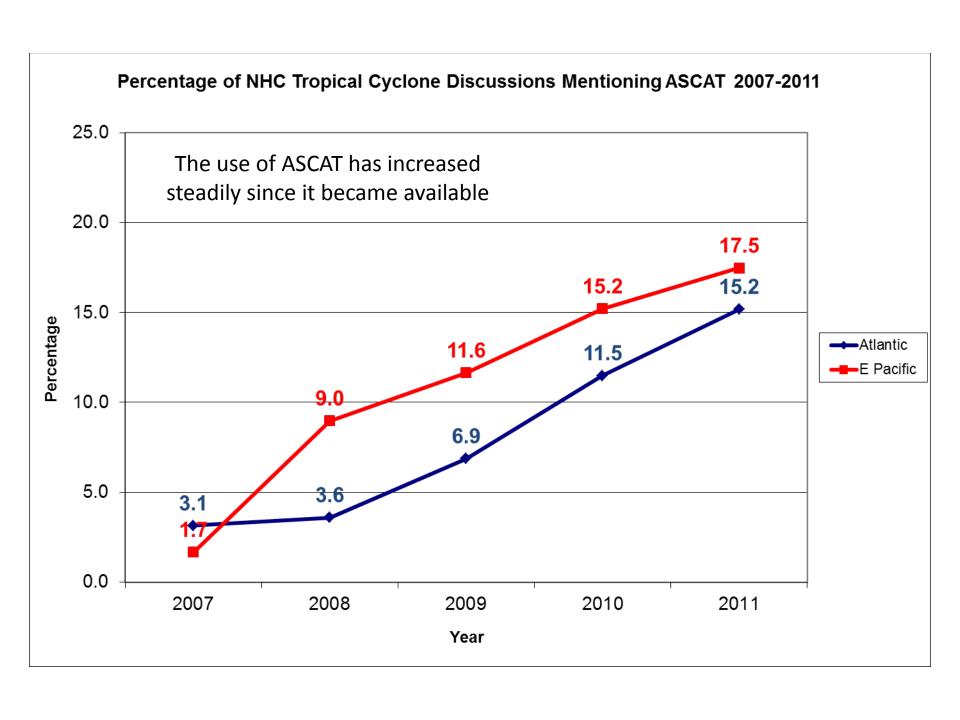


Michael J. Brennan

NOAA/NWS/NCEP National Hurricane Center, Miami, Florida

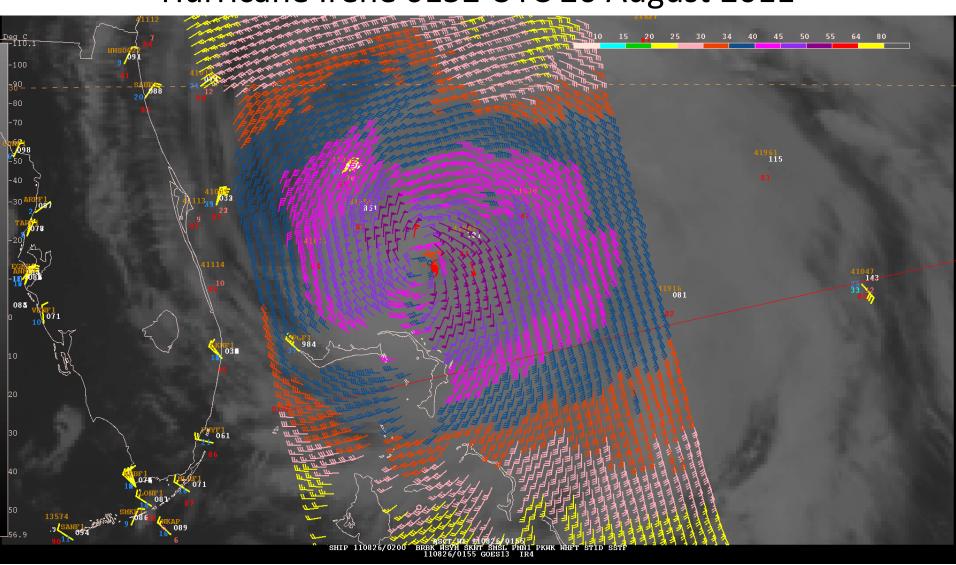
International Ocean Vector Wind Science Team Meeting
Utrecht, Netherlands
14 June 2012





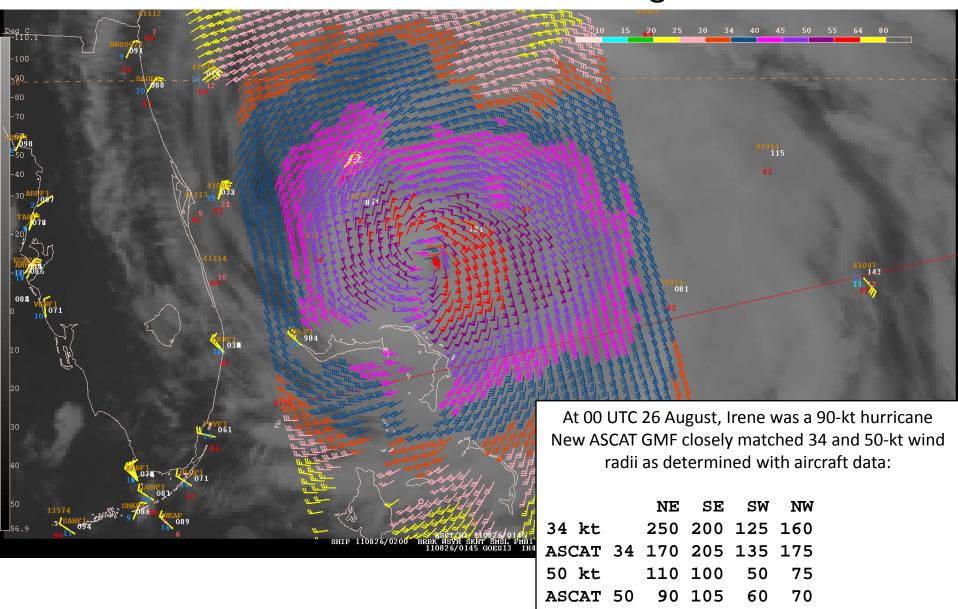
Operational ASCAT GMF

Hurricane Irene 0152 UTC 26 August 2011

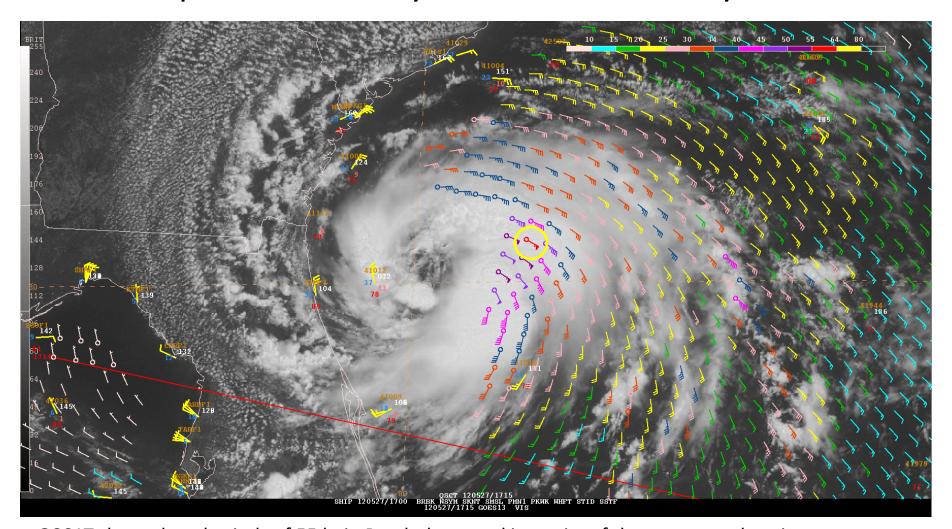


New ASCAT GMF

Hurricane Irene 0152 UTC 26 August 2011



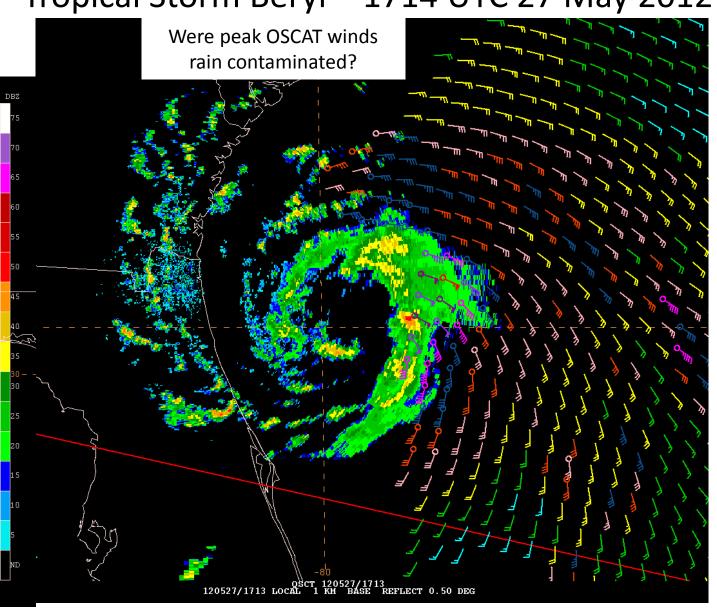
OSCAT Tropical Storm Beryl – 1714 UTC 27 May 2012



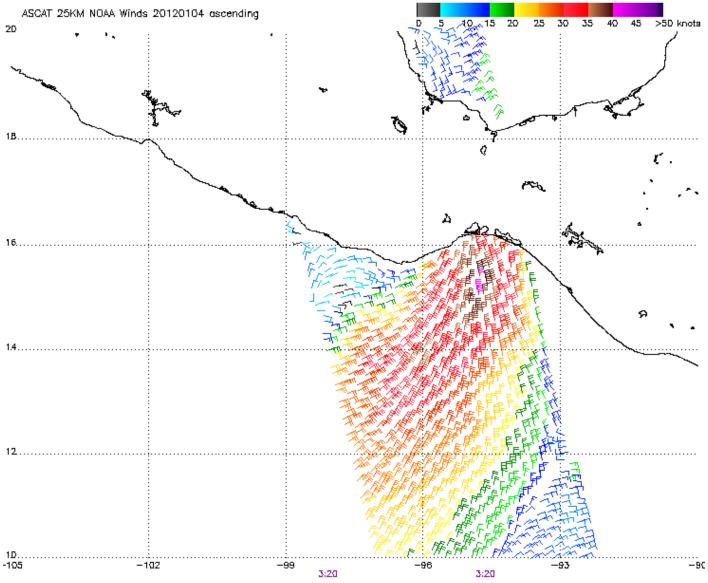
OSCAT showed peak winds of 55 kt in Beryl, the actual intensity of the system at that time. However, aircraft data around 2100 UTC showed strongest winds were in a band to the west of the center, with weaker winds of around 35 kt where OSCAT peak winds were

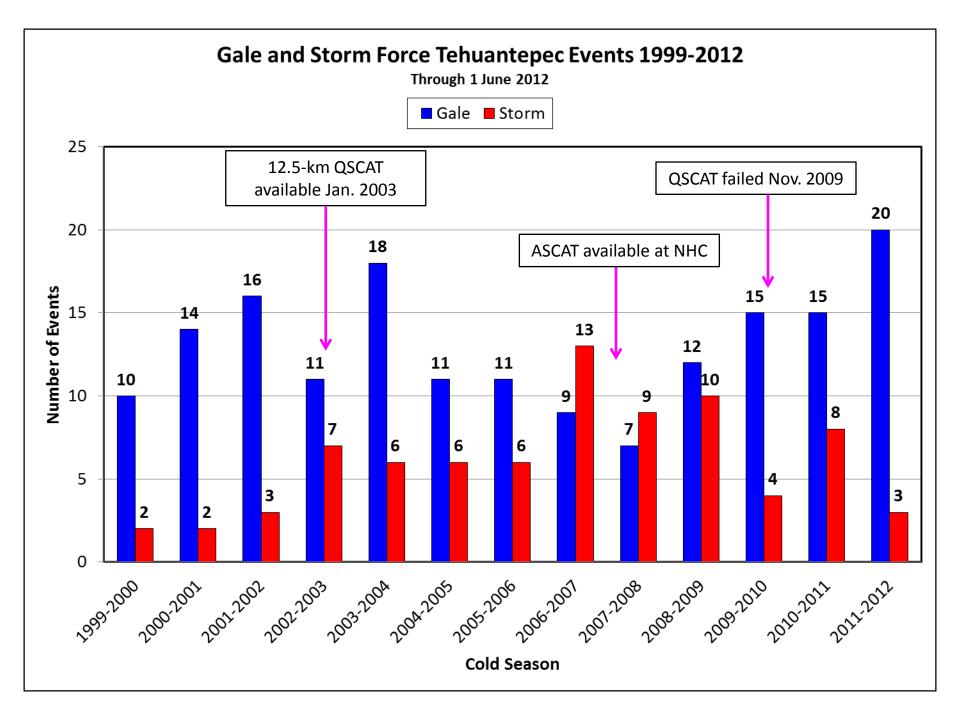
OSCAT

Tropical Storm Beryl – 1714 UTC 27 May 2012



Gulf of Tehuantepec





Tehuantepec Event Trends

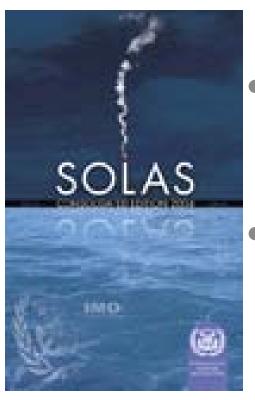
- 25-km QuikSCAT era (1999-2002)
 - 15.6 total events per year
 - 13.3 gale, 2.3 storm
- 12.5-km QuikSCAT era (2003-2009, including ASCAT since 2007)
 - 19.4 total events per year
 - 11.3 gale, 8.1 storm
- Post-QuikSCAT era (2009-2012)
 - 21.6 events per year
 - 16.6 gale, 5 storm

Summary

- ASCAT Coastal / High Wind fully integrated into OPC and NHC operations
- OSCAT with Dec 21 L1b ISRO improvements and NESDIS StAR GMF becoming integrated into OPC and NHC operations.
 - Forecasters rapidly gaining familiarity
 - High bias for higher winds
 - Rain contamination an issue
 - Near QuikSCAT quality
 - Accelerating availability to coastal NWS Offices
 - Thrilled to have a wide swath scatterometer to complement ASCAT-A
- Preparing for ASCAT-B

Safety of Life At Sea, 1974

http://www.imo.org



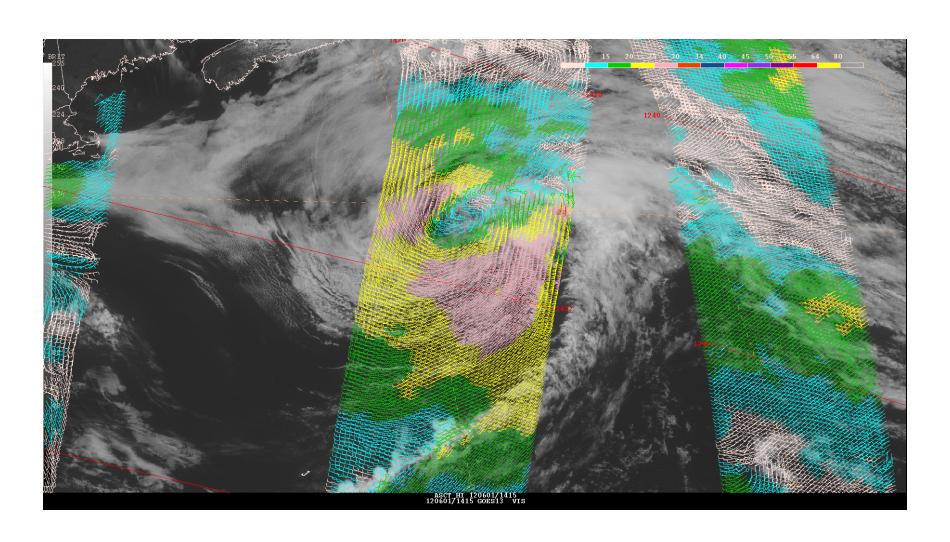
- Chapter IV Radio Communication
 - GMDSS

http://www.navcen.uscg.gov/?pageName=GMDSS

- Chapter V Safety of Navigation
 - Meteorological services

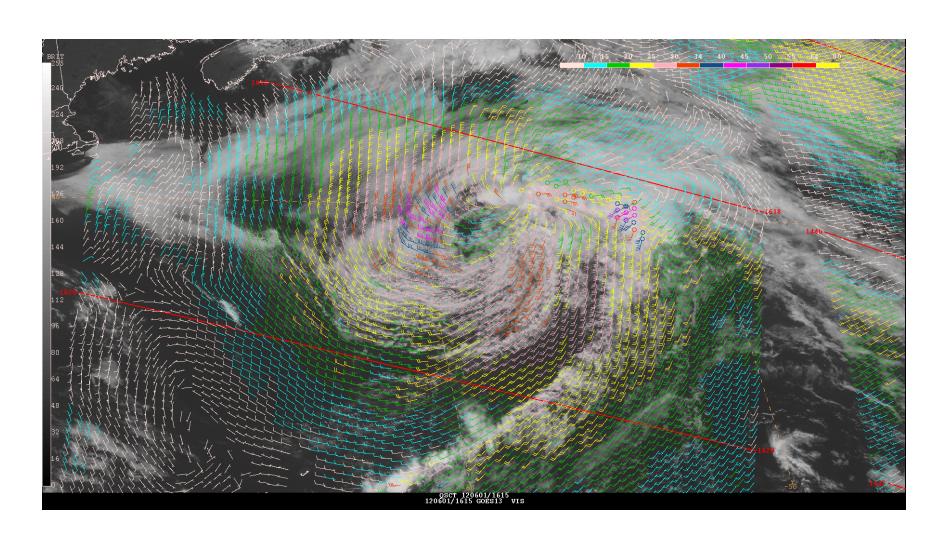
ASCAT

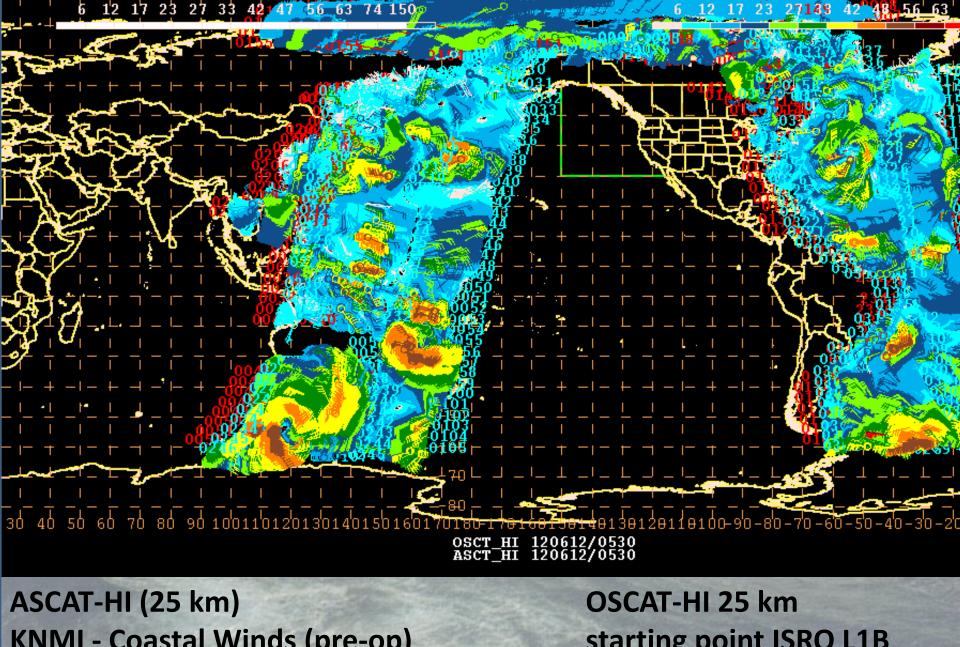
Extratropical Remnants of Beryl – 1422 UTC 1 June 2012



OSCAT

Extratropical Remnants of Beryl – 1618 UTC 1 June 2012





KNMI - Coastal Winds (pre-op) NOAA High Winds

starting point ISRO L1B **NOAA NESDIS High Winds**